

Data Sheet March 2001 File Number 3159.1

# 8-Digit LED Microprocessor-Compatible Multiplexed Display Decoder Driver

The ICM7218 series of universal LED driver systems provide, in a single package, all the circuitry necessary to interface most common microprocessors or digital systems to an LED display. Included on chip are an 8-byte static display memory, two types of 7-segment decoders, multiplex scan circuitry, and high current digit and segment drivers for either common-cathode or common-anode displays.

The ICM7218A and 1CM7218B feature two control lines (WRITE and MODE) which write either 4 bits of control information (DATA COMING, SHUTDOWN, DECODE, and HEXA/CODE B) or 8 bits of display input data. Display data is automatically sequenced into the 8-byte internal memory on successive positive going WRITE pulses. Data may be displayed either directly or decoded in Hexadecimal or Code B formats.

The ICM7218C and ICM7218D feature two control lines (WRITE and HEXA/CODE B/SHUTDOWN), 4 separate display data input lines, and 3 digit address lines. Display data is written into the internal memory by setting up a digit address and strobing the WRITE line low. Only Hexadecimal and Code B formats are available for display outputs.

#### **Features**

- · Microprocessor Compatible
- Total Circuit Integration On Chip Includes:
  - Digit and Segment Drivers
  - All Multiplex Scan Circuitry
  - 8-Byte Static Display Memory
  - 7-Segment Hexadecimal and Code B Decoders
- Output Drive Suitable for LED Displays Directly
- Common Anode and Common Cathode Versions
- Single 5V Supply Required
- Data Retention to 2V Supply
- Shutdown Feature Turns Off Display and Puts Chip Into Low Power Dissipation Mode
- Sequential and Random Access Versions
- · Decimal Point Drive On Each Digit

#### Related Literature

 Technical Brief TB363 "Guidelines for Handling and Processing Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices (SMDs)"

## Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. NO.	DISPLAY TYPE
ICM7218AIJI	-40 to 85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6	Common Anode
ICM7218BIJI	-40 to 85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6	Common Cathode
ICM7218CIJI	-40 to 85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6	Common Anode
ICM7218DIJI	-40 to 85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6	Common Cathode

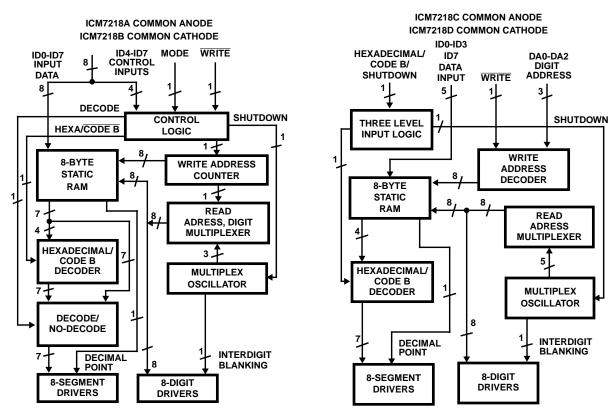


FIGURE 1. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAMS

#### **Pinouts**

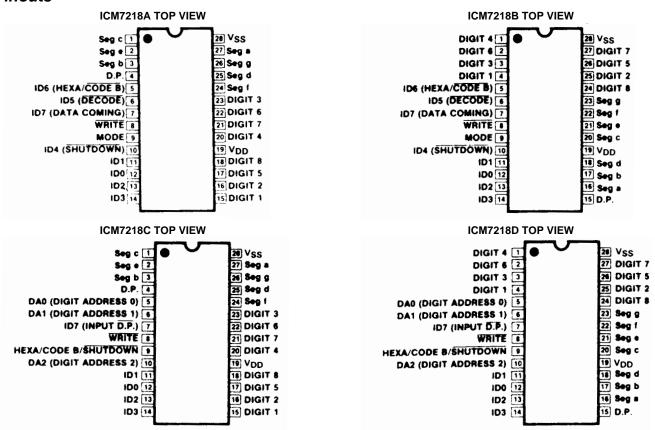


FIGURE 2. PIN CONFIGURATIONS

## ICM7218

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

#### 

#### **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 2)	$\theta_{JA}$ (oC/W)	$\theta_{JC}$ (oC/W)
CERDIP Package	55	14
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	65	<sup>o</sup> C to 150 <sup>o</sup> C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 1	0s)	300°C

### **Operating Conditions**

Temperature Range . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . -40°C to 85°C

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTE:

- 1. Due to the SCR structure inherent in the CM0S process used to fabricate these devices, connecting any terminal to a voltage greater than V<sub>DD</sub> or less than V<sub>SS</sub> may cause destructive device latchup. For this reason it is recommended that no inputs from sources operating on a different power supply be applied to the device before its own supply is established, and when using multiple supply systems the supply to the ICM7218 should be turned on first.
- 2. θ<sub>JA</sub> is measured with the component mounted on a low effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

### **Electrical Specifications** $V_{DD} = 5V$ , $V_{SS} = 0V$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , Display Diode Drop = 1.7V

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>SUPPLY</sub>	Operating	4	-	6	V	
		Power Down Mode	2	-	6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	lQ	Shutdown (Note 3)	6	10	300	μΑ	
Operating Supply Current - Outputs Open	I <sub>DD</sub>	Common Anode SEGS On (Note 6)	-	-	2.5	mA	
Circuit		Common Anode SEGS Off (Note 6)	-	-	500	μА	
		Common Cathode SEGS On (Note 6)	-	-	700	μΑ	
		Common Cathode SEGS Off (Note 6)	-	-	500	μА	
Digit Drive Current	I <sub>DIG</sub>	Common Anode V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> -2.0V	140	200	-	mA	
		Common Cathode V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> +1.0V	50	100	-	mA	
Digit Leakage Current - Shutdown Mode	I <sub>DLK</sub>	Common Anode V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2V	-	-	100	μА	
		Common Cathode V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V	-	-	100	μА	
Peak Segment Drive Current	I <sub>SEG</sub>	Common Anode V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> +1.0V	20	40	-	mA	
		Common Anode V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> -2.0V	-10	-20	-	mA	
Segment Leakage Current - Shutdown	I <sub>SLK</sub>	Common Anode V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>	-	-	100	μА	
Mode		Common Cathode V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub>	-	-	100	μΑ	
Display Scan Rate	f <sub>MUX</sub>	Per Digit	-	250	-	Hz	
Three Level Input (Pin 9 ICM7218C/D)							
Logical "1" Input Voltage	$V_{IH}$	Hexadecimal	4.5	-	-	V	
Floating Input	$V_{IF}$	Code B	2.0	-	3.0	V	
Logical "0" Input Voltage	$V_{IL}$	Shutdown	-	-	0.4	V	
Three Level Input Impedance	$Z_{IN}$	Note 3	-	100	-	kΩ	
Logical "1" Input Voltage	$V_{IH}$		3.5	-	-	V	
Logical "0" Input Voltage	$V_{IL}$		-	-	0.8	V	
Wrtie Pulse Width (Low)	t <sub>WL</sub>	7218A, 7218B	550	400	-	ns	
		7218C, 7218D	400	250	-	ns	
Mode Hold Time	t <sub>MH</sub>	7218A, 7218B	150	-	-	ns	
Mode Setup Time	t <sub>MS</sub>	7218A, 7218B	500	-	-	ns	
Data Setup Time	t <sub>DS</sub>		500	-	-	ns	
Data Hold Time	t <sub>DH</sub>	7218A, 7218B	50	-	-	ns	
		7218C, 7218D	125	-	-	ns	
Digital Address Setup Time	t <sub>AS</sub>	7218C, 7218D	500	-	-	ns	

## **Electrical Specifications** $V_{DD} = 5V$ , $V_{SS} = 0V$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , Display Diode Drop = 1.7V (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Digital Address Hold Time	t <sub>AH</sub>	7218C, 7218D	0	-	-	ns
Data Input Impedance	Z <sub>IN</sub>	5-10pF Gate Capacitance	-	10 <sup>10</sup>	-	Ω

#### NOTES:

3. In the ICM7218C and D (random access versions) the HEXA/CODE B/SHUTDOWN input (Pin 9) has internal biasing resistors to hold it at V<sub>DD</sub>/2 when Pin 9 is open-circuited. These resistors consume power and result in a quiescent supply current (I<sub>Q</sub>) of typically 50μA. The ICM7218A, and B devices do not have these biasing resistors and thus are not subject to this condition.

# Pin Descriptions

INPUT		TERMINAL	LOGIC LEVEL	FUNCTION		
ICM7218A AND ICM72	218B					
WRITE		8	High	Input Not Loaded		
			Low	Input Loaded		
MODE		9	High	Load Control Bits on Write Pulse		
			Low	Load Input Data on Write Pulse		
ID4 (SHUTDOWN)	MODE High	10	High	Normal Operation		
			Low	Shutdown (Oscillator, Decoder and Display Disabled)		
ID5 (DECODE)		6	High	No Decode		
			Low	Decode		
ID6 (HEXA/CODE B)		5	High	Hexadecimal Decoding		
			Low	Code B Decoding		
ID7 (DATA COMING)		7	High	Data Coming No Data Coming Control Word		
			Low	No Data Coming   Control vvord		
ID0-ID7	MODE Low	11, 12, 13, 14, 5, 6, 10, 7		Display Data Inputs (Notes 4, 5)		
ICM7218C AND ICM72	218D					
WRITE		8	High	Input Not Loaded into Memory		
			Low	Input Loaded into Memory		
HEXA/CODE B/ SHUT	DOWN	9 (Note 3)	High	Hexadecimal Decoding		
			Floating	Code B Decoding		
			Low	Shutdown (Oscillator, Decoder and Display Disabled)		
DA0 - DA2		10, 6, 5		Digit Address Inputs		
ID0 - ID3		14, 13, 11, 12		Display Data Inputs		
ID7 (INPUT D.P.)		7		Decimal Point Input		

#### NOTES:

- 4. ID0-ID3 = Don't Care when writing control data.
  - ID4-ID6 = Don't Care when writing Hex/Code B data.
  - ID7 = Decimal Point data.
  - (The display blanks on ICM7218A/B versions when writing in data).
- 5. In the No Decode format, "Ones" represents "on" segments for all inputs except for the Decimal Point, where "Zero" represents an "on" segment (i.e., segments are positive true, decimal point is negative true).
- 6. Common Anode segment drivers and Common Cathode Digit Drivers have  $20k\Omega$  pullup resistors.

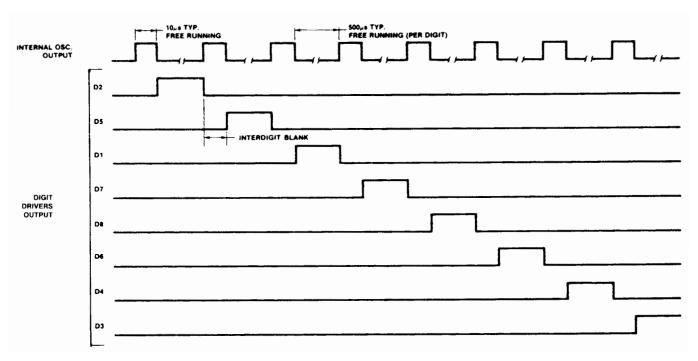


FIGURE 3. MULTIPLEX TIMING (COMMON CATHODE VERSION)

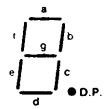


FIGURE 4. SEGMENT ASSIGNMENTS

# **Detailed Description**

### **DECODE** Operation

For the ICM7218A/B products, there are 3 input data formats possible; either direct segment and decimal point information (8 bits per digit) or two Binary formats plus decimal point information (Hexadecimal/Code B formats with 5 bits per digit).

The 7-segment decoder on chip is disabled when direct segment information is to be written. In this format, the inputs directly control the outputs as follows:

Input Data:	ID7	ID6	ID5	ID4	ID3	ID2	ID1	ID0
Output Segments:	D.P.	а	b	С	е	g	f	d

Here, "Ones" represent "on" segments for all inputs except the Decimal Point. For the Decimal Point "zero" represents an "on" segment.

#### HEXAdecimal/CODE B Decoding

For all products, a choice of either HEXA or Code B decoding may be made. HEXA decoding provides 7-segment numeric plus six alpha characters while Code B provides a negative sign (-), a blank (for leading zero blanking), certain useful alpha characters and all numeric formats.

The four bit binary code is set up on inputs ID3-ID0, and decimal point data is set up on ID7.

DECIMAL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
HEXA CODE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
CODE B	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	-	Е	Н	L	Р	(BLANK)

#### **SHUTDOWN**

 $\overline{SHUTDOWN}$  performs several functions: it puts the device into a very low dissipation mode (typically  $10\mu A$  at  $V_{DD}=5V)$ , turns off both the digit and segment drivers, and stops the multiplex scan oscillator (this is the only way the scan oscillator can be disabled). However, it is still possible to input data to the memory during shutdown - only the display output sections of the device are disabled in this mode.

#### Powerdown

In the Shutdown Mode, the supply voltage may be reduced to 2V without data in memory being lost. However, data should not be written into memory if the supply voltage is less than 4V.

### **Output Drive**

The common anode output drive is approximately 200mA per digit at a 12% duty cycle. With segment peak drive current of 40mA typically, this results in 5mA average drive. The common cathode drive capability is approximately one-half that of the common anode drive. If high impedance LED displays are used, the drive current will be correspondingly less.

#### Inter Digit Blanking

A blanking time of approximately 10µs occurs between digit strobes. This ensures that the segment information is correct before the next digit drive, thereby avoiding display ghosting.

## **Driving Larger Displays**

If a higher average drive current per digit is required, it is possible to connect digit drive outputs together. For example, by paralleling pairs of digit drivers together to drive a 4 digit display, 5mA average segment drive current can be obtained.

#### **Power Dissipation Considerations**

Assuming common anode drive at  $V_{DD} = 5V$  and all digits on with an average of 5 segments driven per digit, the average current would be approximately 200mA. Assuming a 1.8V drop across the LED display, there will be a 3.2V drop across the ICM7218. The device power dissipation will therefore be 640mW, rising to about 900mW, for all '8' 's displayed.

Caution: Position device in system such that air can flow freely to provide maximum cooling. The common cathode dissipation is approximately one-half that of the common anode dissipation.

# Sequential Addressing Considerations (ICM7218A/B)

The control instructions are read from the input bus lines if MODE is high and  $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$  low. The instructions occur on 4

lines and are - DECODE/no Decode, type of Decode (if desired), SHUTDOWN/no Shutdown and DATA COMING/not Coming. After the control word has been written (with the Data Coming instruction), display data can be written into memory with each successive negative going WRITE pulse. After all 8-digit memory locations have been written to, additional transitions of the WRITE input are ignored until a new control word is written. It is not possible to change one individual digit without refreshing the data for all the other digits.

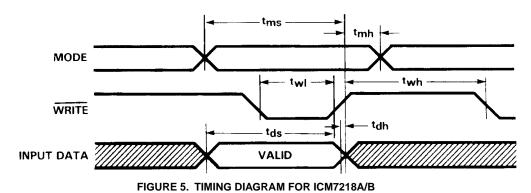
# Random Access Input Drive Considerations (ICM7218C/D)

Control instructions are provided to the ICM7218C/D by a single three level input terminal (Pin 9), which operates independently of the  $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$  pulse.

Data can be written into memory on the ICM7218C/D by setting up a 3 bit binary code (one of eight) on the digit address inputs and applying a low level to the  $\overline{WRITE}$  pin. For example, it is possible to change only digit 7 without altering the data for the other digits. (See Figure 7).

## **Supply Capacitor**

A  $0.1\mu F$  plus a  $47\mu F$  capacitor is recommended between  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  to bypass display multiplexed noise.



WRITE DATA S PULSES (D6)

CONTROL WORD
TYPE OF DECODER? ID6
DECODE/NO DECODE? ID5
SHUTDOWN? ID4
DATA COMING ID7

CONTROL WORD
TYPE OF DECODER? ID6
DECODE/NO DECODE? ID5
SHUTDOWN? ID4
DATA NOT COMING ID7

FIGURE 6. LOAD SEQUENCE ICM7218A/B

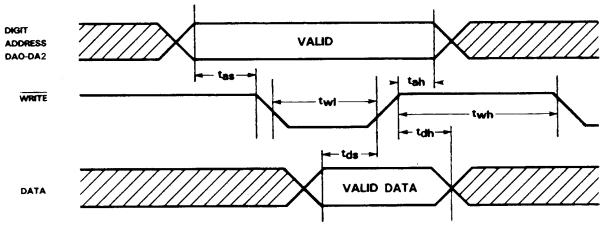


FIGURE 7. TIMING DIAGRAM FOR ICM7218C/D

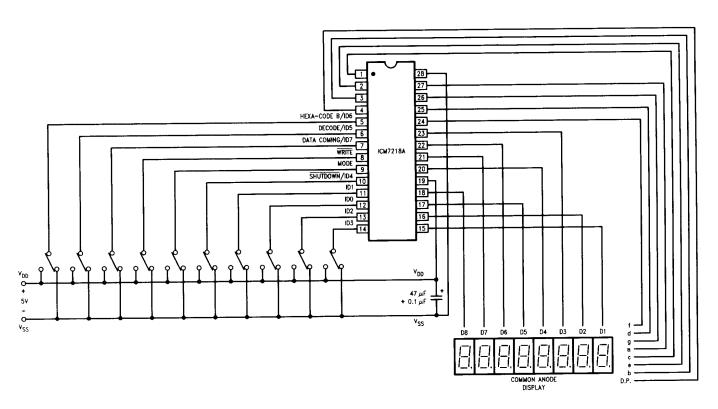


FIGURE 8. COMMON ANODE DISPLAY FUNCTIONAL TEST CIRCUIT

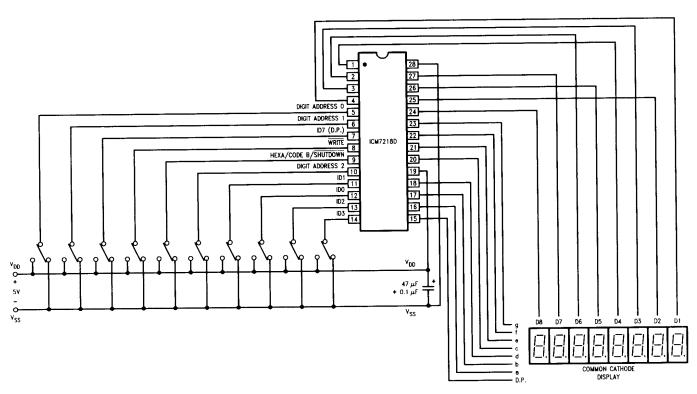
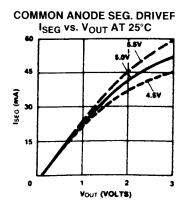
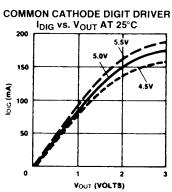
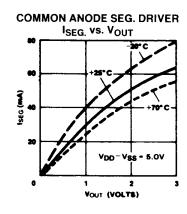


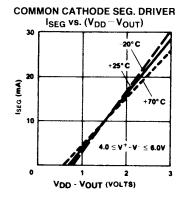
FIGURE 9. COMMON CATHODE DISPLAY FUNCTIONAL TEST CIRCUIT

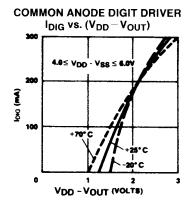
# Typical Performance Characteristics

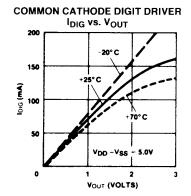












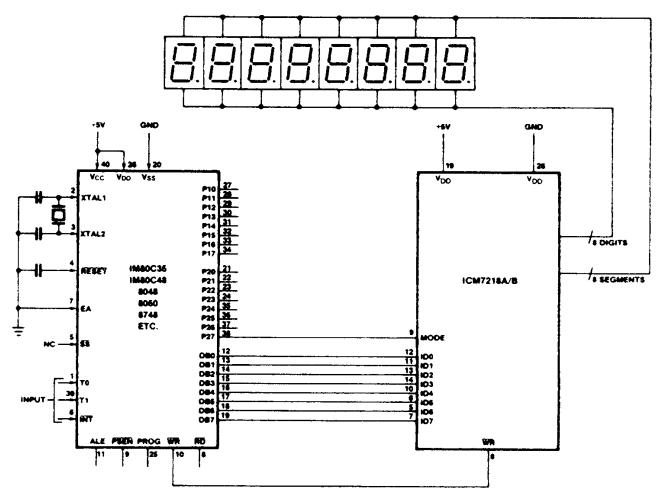


FIGURE 10. 8-DIGIT MICROPROCESSOR DISPLAY

## Application Examples

## 8-Digit Microprocessor Display Application

Figure 10 shows a display interface using the ICM7218A/B with an 8048 family microcontroller. The 8 bit data bus (DB0/DB7-ID0/ID7) transfers control and data information to the 7218 display interface on successive WRITE pulses. The MODE input to the 7218 is connected to one of the I/O port pins on the microcontroller, When MODE is high a control word is transferred; when MODE is low data is transtered. Sequential locations in the 8-byte static memory are automatically loaded on each successive WRITE pulse. After eight WRITE pulses have occurred, further pulses are ignored until a new control word is transferred (See Figure 6). This also allows writing to other peripheral devices without disturbing the ICM7218A/B.

#### 16-Digit Microprocessor Display

In this application (see Figure 11), both ICM7218s are addressed simultaneously with a 3 bit word, DA2-DA0. Display data from the 8048 I/O bus (DB7-D80) is transferred to both ICM7218s simultaneously.

The display digits from both ICM7218s are interleaved to allow adjacent pairs of digits to be loaded simultaneously from a single 8 bit data bus.

Decimal point information is supplied to the ICM7218s from the processor on port lines P26 and P27.

### No Decode Application

The ICM7218 can also be used as a microprocessor based LED status panel driver. The microprocessor selected control word must include "No Decode" and "Data Coming". The processor writes "Ones" and "Zeroes" into the ICM7218 which in turn directly drives appropriate discrete LEDs. LED indicators can be red or green (8 segments x 8 digits = 64 dots/2 per red or green = 32 channels).

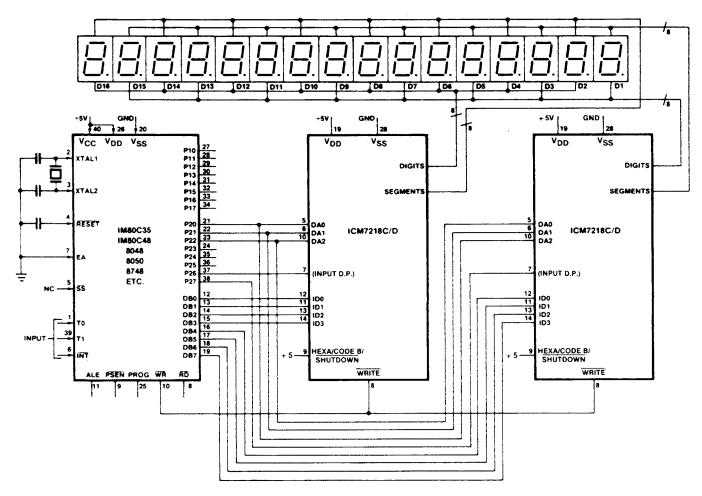
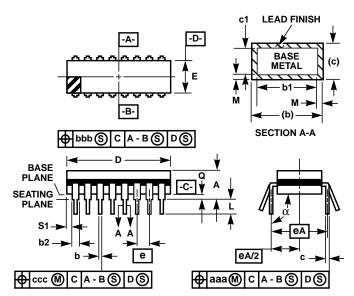


FIGURE 11. 16-DIGIT DISPLAY

# Ceramic Dual-In-Line Frit Seal Packages (CERDIP)



#### NOTES:

- 1. Index area: A notch or a pin one identification mark shall be located adjacent to pin one and shall be located within the shaded area shown. The manufacturer's identification shall not be used as a pin one identification mark.
- 2. The maximum limits of lead dimensions b and c or M shall be measured at the centroid of the finished lead surfaces, when solder dip or tin plate lead finish is applied.
- 3. Dimensions b1 and c1 apply to lead base metal only. Dimension M applies to lead plating and finish thickness.
- 4. Corner leads (1, N, N/2, and N/2+1) may be configured with a partial lead paddle. For this configuration dimension b3 replaces dimension b2.
- 5. This dimension allows for off-center lid, meniscus, and glass
- 6. Dimension Q shall be measured from the seating plane to the base plane.
- 7. Measure dimension S1 at all four corners.
- 8. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 9. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M 1982.
- 10. Controlling dimension: INCH.

**F28.6** MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T28 (D-10, CONFIGURATION A) 28 LEAD CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE FRIT SEAL PACKAGE

	INC	HES	MILLIM	ETERS	
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
А	-	0.232	-	5.92	-
b	0.014	0.026	0.36	0.66	2
b1	0.014	0.023	0.36	0.58	3
b2	0.045	0.065	1.14	1.65	-
b3	0.023	0.045	0.58	1.14	4
С	0.008	0.018	0.20	0.46	2
c1	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38	3
D	-	1.490	-	37.85	5
Е	0.500	0.500 0.610 12.		15.49	5
е	0.100	BSC	2.54	-	
eA	0.600	BSC	15.24	-	
eA/2	0.300	BSC	7.62	-	
L	0.125	0.200	3.18	5.08	-
Q	0.015	0.060	0.38	1.52	6
S1	0.005	-	0.13	-	7
α	90°	105 <sup>0</sup>	90°	105 <sup>0</sup>	-
aaa	-	0.015	-	0.38	-
bbb	-	0.030	- 0.76		-
ссс	-	0.010	-	0.25	-
М	-	0.0015	- 0.038		2, 3
N	2	8	2	8	

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