

# LM138, LM338 5-Amp Adjustable Regulators

#### **General Description**

The LM138 series of adjustable 3-terminal positive voltage regulators is capable of supplying in excess of 5A over a 1.2V to 32V output range. They are exceptionally easy to use and require only 2 resistors to set the output voltage. Careful circuit design has resulted in outstanding load and line regulation—comparable to many commercial power supplies. The LM138 family is supplied in a standard 3-lead transistor package.

A unique feature of the LM138 family is time-dependent current limiting. The current limit circuitry allows peak currents of up to 12A to be drawn from the regulator for short periods of time. This allows the LM138 to be used with heavy transient loads and speeds start-up under full-load conditions. Under sustained loading conditions, the current limit decreases to a safe value protecting the regulator. Also included on the chip are thermal overload protection and safe area protection for the power transistor. Overload protection remains functional even if the adjustment pin is accidentally disconnected

Normally, no capacitors are needed unless the device is situated more than 6 inches from the input filter capacitors in which case an input bypass is needed. An output capacitor can be added to improve transient response, while bypassing the adjustment pin will increase the regulator's ripple rejection.

Besides replacing fixed regulators or discrete designs, the LM138 is useful in a wide variety of other applications. Since

the regulator is "floating" and sees only the input-to-output differential voltage, supplies of several hundred volts can be regulated as long as the maximum input to output differential is not exceeded, i.e., do not short-circuit output to ground. The part numbers in the LM138 series which have a K suffix are packaged in a standard Steel TO-3 package, while those with a T suffix are packaged in a TO-220 plastic package. The LM138 is rated for  $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{J} \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C},$  and the LM338 is rated for  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{J} \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 

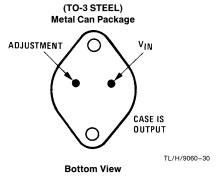
#### **Features**

- Guaranteed 7A peak output current
- Guaranteed 5A output current
- Adjustable output down to 1.2V
- Guaranteed thermal regulation
- Current limit constant with temperature
- P<sup>+</sup> Product Enhancement tested
- Output is short-circuit protected

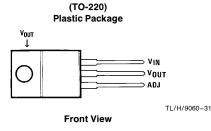
#### **Applications**

- Adjustable power supplies
- Constant current regulators
- Battery chargers

### Connection Diagrams (See Physical Dimension section for further information)



Order Number LM138K STEEL or LM338K STEEL See NS Package Number K02A



Order Number LM338T See NS Package Number T03B

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 4)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Power Dissipation} & \mbox{Internally limited} \\ \mbox{Input/Output Voltage Differential} & +40\mbox{V}, -0.3\mbox{V} \\ \mbox{Storage Temperature} & -65\mbox{°C to} +15\mbox{°C} \\ \end{array}$ 

Lead Temperature

Metal Package (Soldering, 10 seconds)
Plastic Package (Soldering, 4 seconds)
ESD Tolerance

300°C 260°C TBD

### **Operating Temperature Range**

LM138  $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +150^{\circ}\text{C}$ LM338  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating Temperature Range.** Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN}-V_{OUT}=5V$ ; and  $I_{OUT}=10$  mA. (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM138			Units
			Min	Тур	Max	Oilles
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Voltage	$3V \leq (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \leq 35V,$ $10 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 5A, P \leq 50W$	1.19	1.24	1.29	V
V <sub>RLINE</sub>	Line Regulation	$3V \le (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \le 35V \text{ (Note 3)}$		0.005	0.01	%/V
				0.02	0.04	%/V
V <sub>RLOAD</sub>	Load Regulation	10 mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 5A (Note 3)		0.1	0.3	%
				0.3	0.6	%
	Thermal Regulation	20 ms Pulse		0.002	0.01	%/W
I <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjustment Pin Current			45	100	μΑ
$\Delta I_{ADJ}$	Adjustment Pin Current Change	$10 \text{ mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 5\text{A},$ $3\text{V} \le (\text{V}_{IN} - \text{V}_{OUT}) \le 35\text{V}$		0.2	5	μΑ
$\Delta V_{R/T}$	Temperature Stability	$T_{MIN} \le T_{J} \le T_{MAX}$		1		%
I <sub>LOAD</sub> (Min)	Minimum Load Current	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 35V$		3.5	5	mA
lcL	Current Limit	$V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}} \le 10V$ DC 0.5 ms Peak	5 7	8 12		A A
		$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 30V$		1	1	Α
V <sub>N</sub>	RMS Output Noise, % of VOUT	$10 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 10 \text{ kHz}$		0.003		%
$\frac{\Delta V_R}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Ripple Rejection Ratio	$V_{OUT} = 10V, f = 120 \text{ Hz}, C_{ADJ} = 0 \mu F$ $V_{OUT} = 10V, f = 120 \text{ Hz}, C_{ADJ} = 10 \mu F$	60	60 75		dB dB
	Long-Term Stability	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C, 1000 Hrs		0.3	1	%
$ heta_{\sf JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	K Package			1	°C/W
$\theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (No Heat Sink)	K Package		35		°C/W

#### **Electrical Characteristics** (Continued)

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating Temperature Range**. Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 5V$ ; and  $I_{OUT} = 10$  mA. (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM338			Units
			Min	Тур	Max	Oille
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Voltage	$ 3V \leq (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \leq 35V, \\ 10 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 5A, P \leq 50W $	1.19	1.24	1.29	V
V <sub>RLINE</sub>	Line Regulation	$3V \le (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \le 35V \text{ (Note 3)}$		0.005	0.03	%/V
				0.02	0.06	%/V
V <sub>RLOAD</sub>	Load Regulation	10 mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 5A (Note 3)		0.1	0.5	%
				0.3	1	%
	Thermal Regulation	20 ms Pulse		0.002	0.02	%/W
$I_{ADJ}$	Adjustment Pin Current			45	100	μΑ
$\Delta I_{ADJ}$	Adjustment Pin Current Change	$\begin{array}{l} 10 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 5A, \\ 3V \leq (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \leq 35V \end{array}$		0.2	5	μΑ
$\Delta V_{R/T}$	Temperature Stability	$T_{MIN} \le T_{J} \le T_{MAX}$		1		%
I <sub>LOAD</sub> (Min)	Minimum Load Current	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 35V$		3.5	10	mA
I <sub>CL</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>IN</sub> − V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 10V DC 0.5 ms Peak	5 7	8 12		A A
		$V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 30V$			1	Α
$V_N$	RMS Output Noise, % of VOUT	$10 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 10 \text{ kHz}$		0.003		%
$\frac{\Delta V_{R}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$	Ripple Rejection Ratio	$V_{OUT} = 10V, f = 120 \text{ Hz}, C_{ADJ} = 0 \mu\text{F} \ V_{OUT} = 10V, f = 120 \text{ Hz}, C_{ADJ} = 10 \mu\text{F}$	60	60 75		dB dB
	Long-Term Stability	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C, 1000 hrs		0.3	1	%
$ heta_{JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	K Package T Package			1 4	°C/W °C/W
$ heta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (No Heat Sink)	K Package T Package		35 50		°C/W °C/W

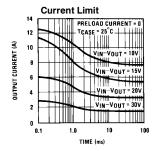
Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics.

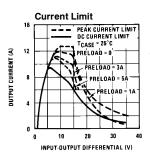
Note 2: These specifications are applicable for power dissipations up to 50W for the TO-3 (K) package and 25W for the TO-220 (T) package. Power dissipation is guaranteed at these values up to 15V input-output differential. Above 15V differential, power dissipation will be limited by internal protection circuitry. All limits (i.e., the numbers in the Min. and Max. columns) are guaranteed to National's AOQL (Average Outgoing Quality Level).

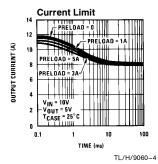
Note 3: Regulation is measured at a constant junction temperature, using pulse testing with a low duty cycle. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered under the specifications for thermal regulation.

Note 4: Refer to RETS138K drawing for military specifications of LM138K.

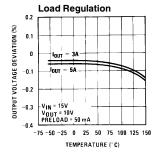
### **Typical Performance Characteristics**

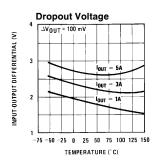


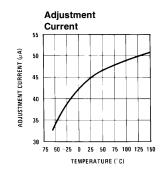


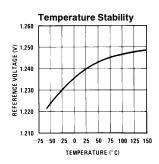


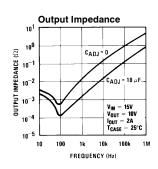
### **Typical Performance Characteristics** (Continued)

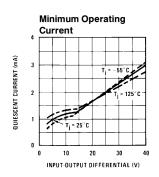


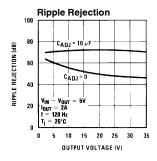


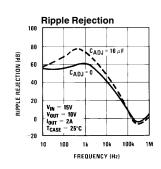


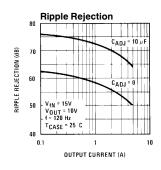


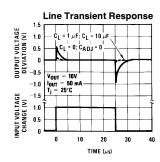


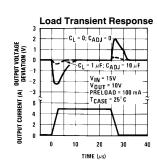












TL/H/9060-5

#### **Application Hints**

In operation, the LM138 develops a nominal 1.25V reference voltage,  $V_{\rm REF}$ , between the output and adjustment terminal. The reference voltage is impressed across program resistor R1 and, since the voltage is constant, a constant current  $I_1$  then flows through the output set resistor R2, giving an output voltage of

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left( 1 + \frac{R2}{R1} \right) + I_{ADJ}R2.$$

$$V_{IN} V_{OUT} V_{REF} V_{OUT} V_{OUT}$$

FIGURE 1

Since the 50  $\mu$ A current from the adjustment terminal represents an error term, the LM138 was designed to minimize I<sub>ADJ</sub> and make it very constant with line and load changes. To do this, all quiescent operating current is returned to the output establishing a minimum load current requirement. If there is insufficient load on the output, the output will rise.

#### **External Capacitors**

An input bypass capacitor is recommended. A 0.1  $\mu$ F disc or 1  $\mu$ F solid tantalum on the input is suitable input bypassing for almost all applications. The device is more sensitive to the absence of input bypassing when adjustment or output capacitors are used but the above values will eliminate the possibility of problems.

The adjustment terminal can be bypassed to ground on the LM138 to improve ripple rejection. This bypass capacitor prevents ripple from being amplified as the output voltage is increased. With a 10  $\mu\text{F}$  bypass capacitor 75 dB ripple rejection is obtainable at any output level. Increases over 20  $\mu\text{F}$  do not appreciably improve the ripple rejection at frequencies above 120 Hz. If the bypass capacitor is used, it is sometimes necessary to include protection diodes to prevent the capacitor from discharging through internal low current paths and damaging the device.

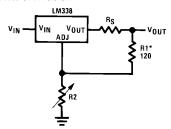
In general, the best type of capacitors to use are solid tantalum. Solid tantalum capacitors have low impedance even at high frequencies. Depending upon capacitor construction, it takes about 25  $\mu\text{F}$  in aluminum electrolytic to equal 1  $\mu\text{F}$  solid tantalum at high frequencies. Ceramic capacitors are also good at high frequencies; but some types have a large decrease in capacitance at frequencies around 0.5 MHz. For this reason, 0.01  $\mu\text{F}$  disc may seem to work better than a 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  disc as a bypass.

Although the LM138 is stable with no output capacitors, like any feedback circuit, certain values of external capacitance can cause excessive ringing. This occurs with values between 500 pF and 5000 pF. A 1  $\mu\text{F}$  solid tantalum (or 25  $\mu\text{F}$  aluminum electrolytic) on the output swamps this effect and insures stability.

#### Load Regulation

The LM138 is capable of providing extremely good load regulation but a few precautions are needed to obtain maximum performance. The current set resistor connected between the adjustment terminal and the output terminal (usually 240 $\Omega$ ) should be tied directly to the output of the regulator (case) rather than near the load. This eliminates line drops from appearing effectively in series with the reference and degrading regulation. For example, a 15V regulator with 0.05 $\Omega$  resistance between the regulator and load will have a load regulation due to line resistance of 0.05 $\Omega$  × I<sub>L</sub>. If the set resistor is connected near the load the effective line resistance will be 0.05 $\Omega$  (1 + R2/R1) or in this case, 11.5 times worse

Figure 2 shows the effect of resistance between the regulator and 240  $\!\Omega$  set resistor.



TI /H/9060-7

FIGURE 2. Regulator with Line Resistance in Output Lead

With the TO-3 package, it is easy to minimize the resistance from the case to the set resistor, by using 2 separate leads to the case. The ground of R2 can be returned near the ground of the load to provide remote ground sensing and improve load regulation.

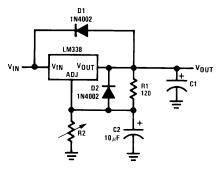
#### **Protection Diodes**

When external capacitors are used with any IC regulator it is sometimes necessary to add protection diodes to prevent the capacitors from discharging through low current points into the regulator. Most 20  $\mu {\rm F}$  capacitors have low enough internal series resistance to deliver 20A spikes when shorted. Although the surge is short, there is enough energy to damage parts of the IC.

When an output capacitor is connected to a regulator and the input is shorted, the output capacitor will discharge into the output of the regulator. The discharge current depends on the value of the capacitor, the output voltage of the regulator, and the rate of decrease of  $V_{\rm IN}$ . In the LM138 this discharge path is through a large junction that is able to sustain 25A surge with no problem. This is not true of other types of positive regulators. For output capacitors of 100  $\mu F$  or less at output of 15V or less, there is no need to use diodes.

The bypass capacitor on the adjustment terminal can discharge through a low current junction. Discharge occurs when either the input or output is shorted. Internal to the LM138 is a  $50\Omega$  resistor which limits the peak discharge current. No protection is needed for output voltages of 25V or less and 10  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitance. Figure 3 shows an LM138 with protection diodes included for use with outputs greater than 25V and high values of output capacitance.

# **Application Hints** (Continued)



TL/H/9060-8

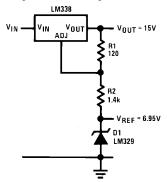
D1 protects against C1 D2 protects against C2

$$V_{\mbox{OUT}} = 1.25 V \left(1 + \frac{\mbox{R2}}{\mbox{R1}}\right) + I_{\mbox{ADJ}} \mbox{R2} \label{eq:Vout}$$

FIGURE 3. Regulator with Protection Diodes

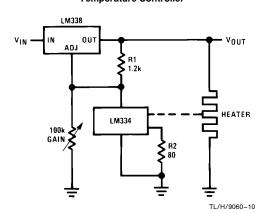
# **Typical Applications**

#### Regulator and Voltage Reference

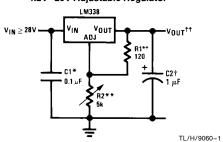


TL/H/9060-3

#### **Temperature Controller**



#### 1.2V-25V Adjustable Regulator



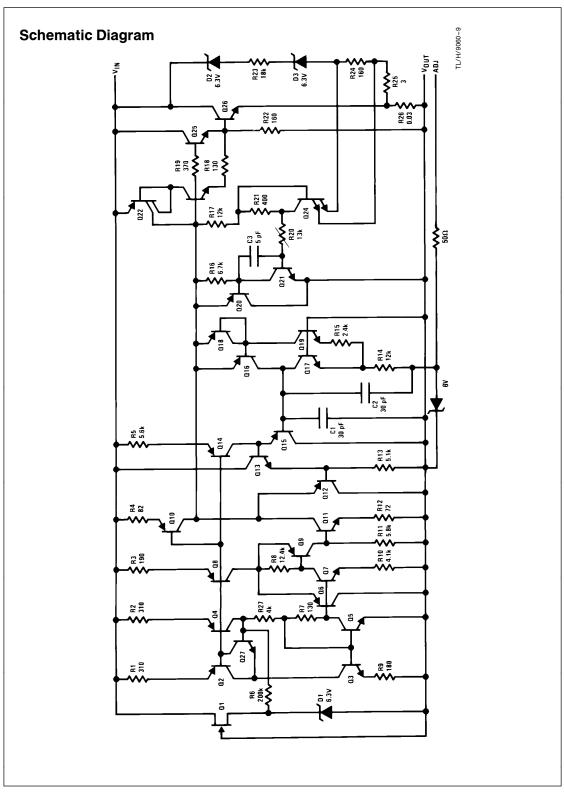
Full output current not available at high input-output voltages

- †Optional—improves transient response. Output capacitors in the range of 1  $\mu F$  to 1000  $\mu F$  of aluminum or tantalum electrolytic are commonly used to provide improved output impedance and rejection of transients.
- \*Needed if device is more than 6 inches from filter capacitors.

$$\dagger \dagger V_{OUT} = 1.25V \left( 1 + \frac{R2}{R1} \right) + I_{ADJ} (R_2)$$

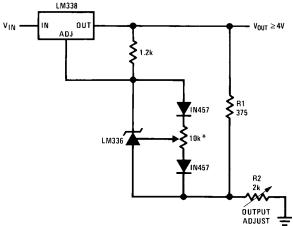
\*\*R1 = 240 $\Omega$  for LM138. R1, R2 as an assembly can be ordered from Bourns:

MIL part no. 7105A-AT2-502 COMM part no. 7105A-AT7-502



# Typical Applications (Continued)

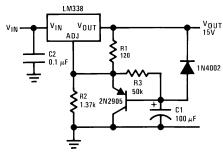
### **Precision Power Regulator with Low Temperature Coefficient**



\*Adjust for 3.75 across R1

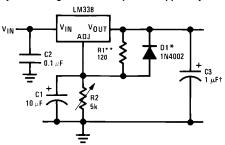
TL/H/9060-12

#### Slow Turn-On 15V Regulator



TL/H/9060-13

#### Adjustable Regulator with Improved Ripple Rejection



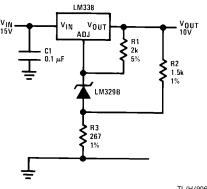
TL/H/9060-14

†Solid tantalum

\*Discharges C1 if output is shorted to ground

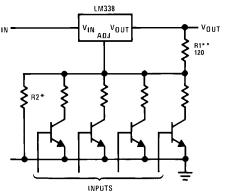
\*\*R1 =  $240\Omega$  for LM138

#### High Stability 10V Regulator



TL/H/9060-15

#### **Digitally Selected Outputs**

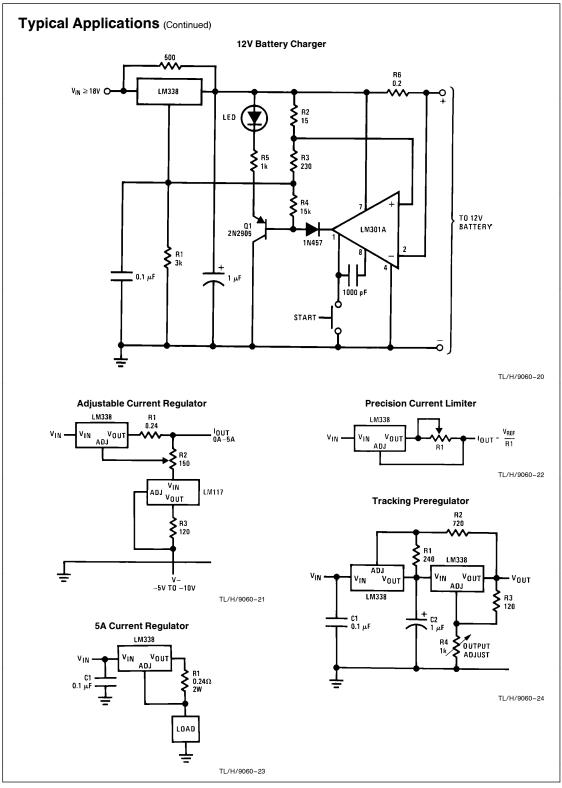


TL/H/9060-16

\*Sets maximum V<sub>OUT</sub>

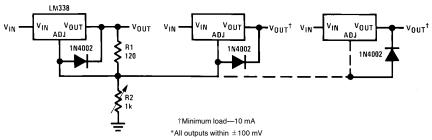
\*\*R1 = 240 $\Omega$  for LM138

# Typical Applications (Continued) 15A Regulator R5 0.1 LM338 R1 0.05 LM338 R6 0.1 ADJ VOUT ₹ R3 LM307 LM338 ADJ VOUT v<sub>out</sub>\* **₹** R7 \* 120 C1 — R8 2k \*Minimum load—100 mA TL/H/9060-17 5V Logic Regulator with Electronic Shutdown\*\* 0 to 22V Regulator LM338 LM338 v<sub>out</sub> V<sub>OUT</sub> - V<sub>OUT</sub> V<sub>IN</sub> 7V-35V -R2 360 2N2219 ∠ LM113 TL/H/9060-18 \*\*Minimum output $\approx$ 1.2V ₹ R3 680 **Light Controller** LM338 TL/H/9060-19 OUT \*R1 = 240 $\Omega$ , R2 = 5k for LM138 Full output current not available at high input-output voltages TL/H/9060-11

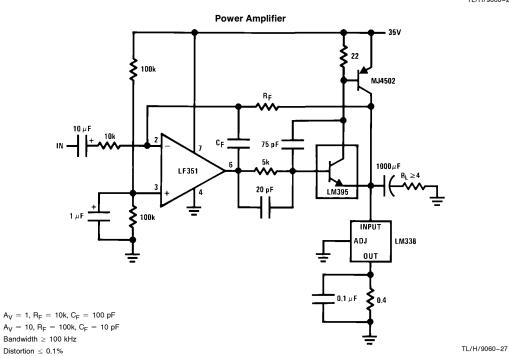


### **Typical Applications** (Continued)

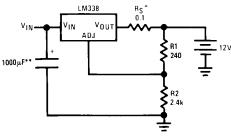
#### Adjusting Multiple On-Card Regulators with Single Control\*



TL/H/9060-25



### Simple 12V Battery Charger

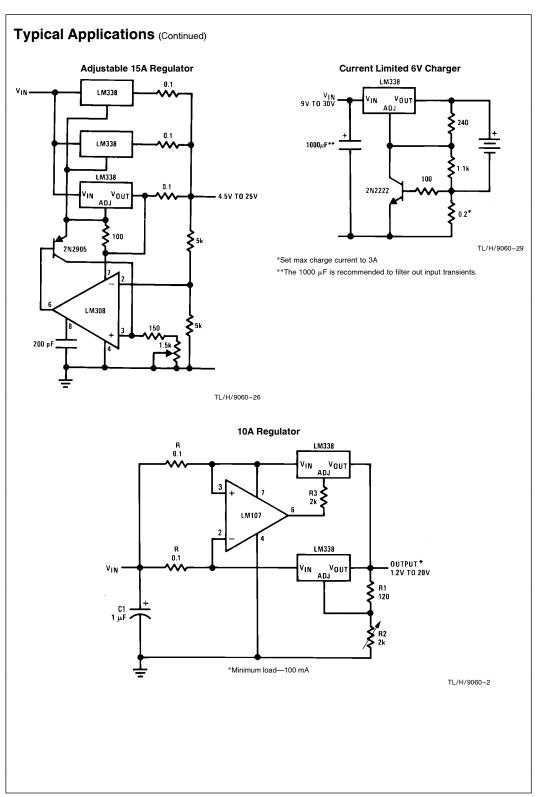


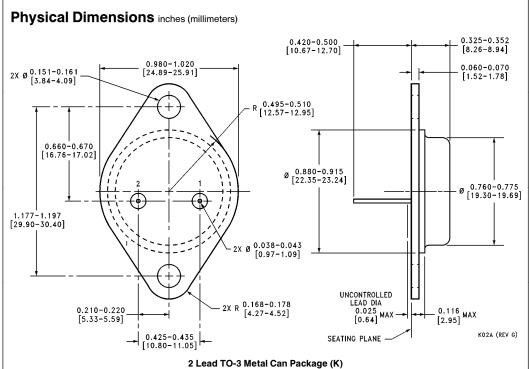
TL/H/9060-28

Use of  $\mathsf{R}_\mathsf{S}$  allows low charging rates with fully charged battery.

<sup>\*</sup>R<sub>S</sub>—sets output impedance of charger  $Z_{OUT} = R_S \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1}\right)$ 

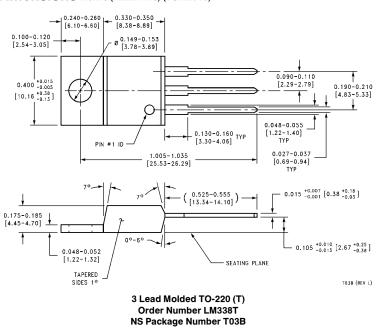
<sup>\*\*</sup>The 1000  $\mu\text{F}$  is recommended to filter out input transients





2 Lead TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)
Order Number LM138K or LM338K STEEL
NS Package Number K02A

### Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



#### LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

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- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.



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