



- RoHS compliant
- Efficiency up to 80%
- Power density up to 0.85W/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Wide temperature performance at full 1 Watt load, -40°C to 85°C
- Dual output from a single input rail
- UL 94V-0 package material
- No heatsink required
- Footprint from 1.17cm<sup>2</sup>
- Industry standard pinout
- Power sharing on output
- 1kVDC isolation
- 5V, 12V, & 15V input
- 5V, 9V, 12V and 15V output
- Internal SMD construction
- Fully encapsulated with toroidal
- magnetics
- No external components required
- MTTF up to 3.1 million hours
- No electrolytic or tantalum capacitors

### DESCRIPTION

The NMA series of industrial temperature range DC/DC converters are the standard building blocks for on-board distributed power systems. They are ideally suited for providing dual rail supplies on primarily digital boards with the added benefit of galvanic isolation to reduce switching noise. All of the rated power may be drawn from a single pin provided the total load does not exceed 1 watt.



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# NMA 5V, 12V & 15V Series

Isolated 1W Dual Output DC/DC Converters

SELECTION G	UIDE							
Order Code	Nominal Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	Input Current at Rated Load	Efficiency	lsolation Capacitance	MTTF <sup>1</sup>	Package Style
	V	V	mA	mA	%	pF	kHrs	
NMA0505DC	5	±5	±100	289	69	28	3103	
NMA0509DC	5	±9	±55	267	75	32	2257	DIP
NMA0512DC	5	±12	±42	260	77	34	1579	
NMA0515DC	5	±15	±33	256	78	36	1065	
NMA0505SC	5	±5	±100	289	69	28	3103	
NMA0509SC	5	±9	±55	267	75	32	2257	SIP
NMA0512SC	5	±12	±42	260	77	34	1579	
NMA0515SC	5	±15	±33	256	78	36	1065	
NMA1205DC	12	±5	±100	120	69	33	2193	
NMA1209DC	12	±9	±55	113	74	46	1734	DIP
NMA1212DC	12	±12	±42	111	75	55	1303	DIF
NMA1215DC	12	±15	±33	110	76	54	932	
NMA1205SC	12	±5	±100	120	69	33	2193	
NMA1209SC	12	±9	±55	113	74	46	1734	SIP
NMA1212SC	12	±12	±42	111	75	55	1303	SIP
NMA1215SC	12	±15	±33	110	76	54	932	
NMA1505DC	15	±5	±100	91	71	39	1941	
NMA1512DC	15	±12	±42	87	78	68	790	DIP
NMA1515DC	15	±15	±33	84	80	84	523	
NMA1505SC	15	±5	±100	91	71	39	1941	
NMA1512SC	15	±12	±42	87	78	68	790	SIP
NMA1515SC	15	±15	±33	84	80	84	523	

INPUT CHARACTERIS	STICS				
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Voltage range	Continuous operation, 5V input types	4.5	5	5.5	v
	Continuous operation, 12V input types	10.8	12	13.2	v
	Continuous operation, 15V input types	13.5	15	16.5	
Reflected ripple current			20	40	mA p-p

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS		
Lead temperature 1.5mm from case for 10 seconds	300°C	
Internal power dissipation	450mW	
Input voltage V <sub>IN</sub> , NMA05 types	7V	
Input voltage V <sub>IN</sub> , NMA12 types	15V	
Input voltage V <sub>IN</sub> , NMA15 types	18V	

1. Calculated using MIL-HDBK-217FN2 calculation model with nominal input voltage at full load.

All specifications typical at TA=25°C, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise specified.

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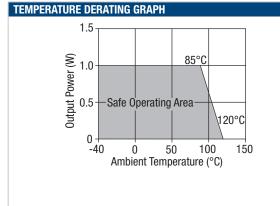
Isolated 1W Dual Output DC/DC Converters

<b>OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC</b>	S					
Parameter	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Rated Power <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =-40°C to 120°C				1	W
Voltage Set Point Accuracy	See tolerance envelope					
Line regulation	High VIN to low VIN			1.0	1.2	%/%
	5V & 12V input	5V output types		10	12.5	%
Load Regulation		9V output types		9	10	
		12V output types		6.5	7.5	
10% load to rated load		15V output types		6	7.0	
	15V input	5V output types		5.5	10	
		12V output types		2.6	3.0	
		15V output types		2.3	3.0	
Ripple and Noise <sup>2</sup>	BW=DC to 20MHz, 5V output types BW=DC to 20MHz, 9V output types			10	20	
				7	15	
	BW=DC to 20MHz, 12V output types	BW=DC to 20MHz, 12V output types		7.5	15	mV p-p
	BW=DC to 20MHz, 15V output types			8	15	

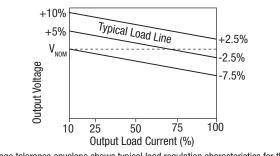
ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Isolation test voltage	Flash tested for 1 second	1000			VDC
Resistance	Viso= 1000VDC		10		GΩ

GENERAL CHARACTERISTIC	S				
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
	5V input types		110		
Switching frequency	12V input types		140		kHz
	15V input types		90		

<b>TEMPERATURE CHARACTERIS</b>	TICS				
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Specification	All output types	-40		85	
Storage		-50		130	
	0505, 1205		33		°C
Case Temperature above ambient	0509, 0512, 0515, 1209, 1212, 1215		28		U
Case temperature above ambient	1505		26		
	1512, 1515		17		
Cooling	Free air convection				



#### TOLERANCE ENVELOPE



The voltage tolerance envelope shows typical load regulation characteristics for this product series. The tolerance envelope is the maximum output voltage variation due to changes in output loading.

1. See derating graph.

2. See Ripple & Noise characterisation method.

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# NMA 5V, 12V & 15V Series

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### **TECHNICAL NOTES**

#### **ISOLATION VOLTAGE**

'Hi Pot Test', 'Flash Tested', 'Withstand Voltage', 'Proof Voltage', 'Dielectric Withstand Voltage' & 'Isolation Test Voltage' are all terms that relate to the same thing, a test voltage, applied for a specified time, across a component designed to provide electrical isolation, to verify the integrity of that isolation.

Murata Power Solutions NMA series of DC/DC converters are all 100% production tested at their stated isolation voltage. This is 1kVDC for 1 second.

A question commonly asked is, "What is the continuous voltage that can be applied across the part in normal operation?"

For a part holding no specific agency approvals, such as the NMA series, both input and output should normally be maintained within SELV limits i.e. less than 42.4V peak, or 60VDC. The isolation test voltage represents a measure of immunity to transient voltages and the part should never be used as an element of a safety isolation system. The part could be expected to function correctly with several hundred volts offset applied continuously across the isolation barrier; but then the circuitry on both sides of the barrier must be regarded as operating at an unsafe voltage and further isolation/insulation systems must form a barrier between these circuits and any user-accessible circuitry according to safety standard requirements.

#### **REPEATED HIGH-VOLTAGE ISOLATION TESTING**

It is well known that repeated high-voltage isolation testing of a barrier component can actually degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction and environment. The NMA series has toroidal isolation transformers, with no additional insulation between primary and secondary windings of enameled wire. While parts can be expected to withstand several times the stated test voltage, the isolation capability does depend on the wire insulation. Any material, including this enamel (typically polyurethane) is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage.

This consideration equally applies to agency recognized parts rated for better than functional isolation where the wire enamel insulation is always supplemented by a further insulation system of physical spacing or barriers.

#### **RoHS COMPLIANT INFORMATION**



This series is compatible with RoHS soldering systems with a peak wave solder temperature of 300°C for 10 seconds. The pin termination finish on the SIP package type is Tin Plate, Hot Dipped over Matte Tin with Nickel Preplate. The DIP types are Matte Tin over Nickel Preplate. Both types in this series are backward compatible with Sn/Pb soldering systems. For further information, please visit www.murata-ps.com/rohs

#### APPLICATION NOTES

#### Minimum load

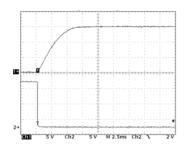
The minimum load to meet datasheet specification is 10% of the full rated load across the specified input voltage range. Lower than 10% minimum loading will result in an increase in output voltage, which may rise to typically double the specified output voltage if the output load falls to less than 5%.

#### Capacitive loading and start up

Typical start up times for this series, with a typical input voltage rise time of  $2.2\mu$ s and output capacitance of  $10\mu$ F, are shown in the table below. The product series will start into a capacitance of  $47\mu$ F with an increased start time, however, the maximum recommended output capacitance is  $10\mu$ F.

	Start-up time		Start-up tin
	μs		μs
NMA0505xC	2018	NMA1212xC	9765
NMA0509xC	6610	NMA1215xC	15980
NMA0512xC	14520	NMA1505xC	1060
NMA0515xC	20200	NMA1512xC	1627
NMA1205xC	1061	NMA1515xC	6275
NMA1209xC	3935		

#### Typical Start-Up Wave Form



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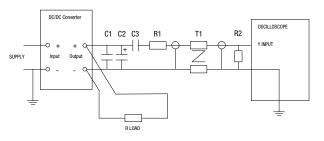
### **APPLICATION NOTES (continued)**

#### Ripple & Noise Characterisation Method

Ripple and noise measurements are performed with the following test configuration.

C1	1µF X7R multilayer ceramic capacitor, voltage rating to be a minimum of 3 times the output voltage of the DC/DC converter
C2	$10\mu$ F tantalum capacitor, voltage rating to be a minimum of 1.5 times the output voltage of the DC/DC converter with an ESR of less than $100m\Omega$ at $100$ kHz
C3	100nF multilayer ceramic capacitor, general purpose
R1	450Ω resistor, carbon film, $\pm$ 1% tolerance
R2	50Ω BNC termination
T1	3T of the coax cable through a ferrite toroid
RLOAD	Resistive load to the maximum power rating of the DC/DC converter. Connections should be made via twisted wires
Measured va	lues are multiplied by 10 to obtain the specified values.

#### Differential Mode Noise Test Schematic



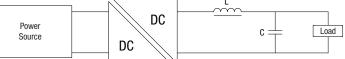
#### **Output Ripple Reduction**

By using the values of inductance and capacitance stated, the output ripple at the rated load is lowered to 5mV p-p max.

#### **Component selection**

Capacitor: It is required that the ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) should be as low as possible, ceramic types are recommended. The voltage rating should be at least twice (except for 15V output), the rated output voltage of the DC/DC converter.

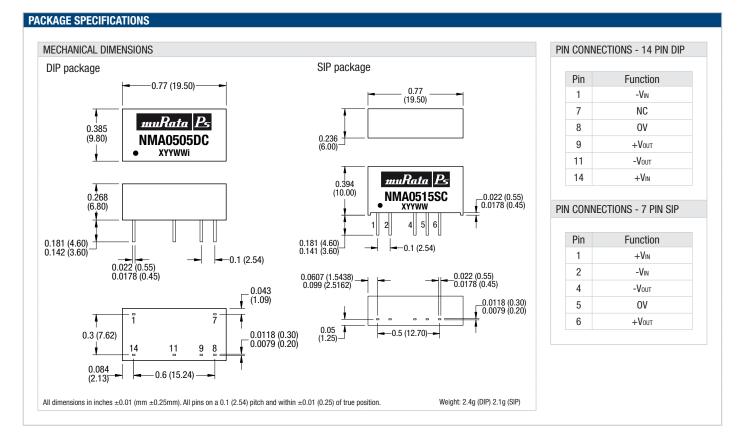
Inductor: The rated current of the inductor should not be less than that of the output of the DC/DC converter. At the rated current, the DC resistance of the inductor should be such that the voltage drop across the inductor is <2% of the rated voltage of the DC/DC converter. The SRF (Self Resonant Frequency) should be >20MHz.



	Inductor			Capacitor
	L, µH	SMD	Through Hole	C, μF
NMA0505xC	22	82223C	11R223C	2.2uF
NMA0509xC	100	82104C	11R104C	0.47uF
NMA0512xC	150	82154C	11R154C	0.33uF
NMA0515xC	220	82224C	11R224C	1uF
NMA1205xC	22	82223C	11R223C	2.2uF
NMA1209xC	47	82473C	11R473C	1uF
NMA1212xC	150	82154C	11R154C	0.33uF
NMA1215xC	220	82224C	11R224C	1uF
NMA1505xC	22	82223C	11R223C	2.2uF
NMA1512xC	150	82154C	11R154C	0.33uF
NMA1515xC	220	82224C	11R224C	2.2uF

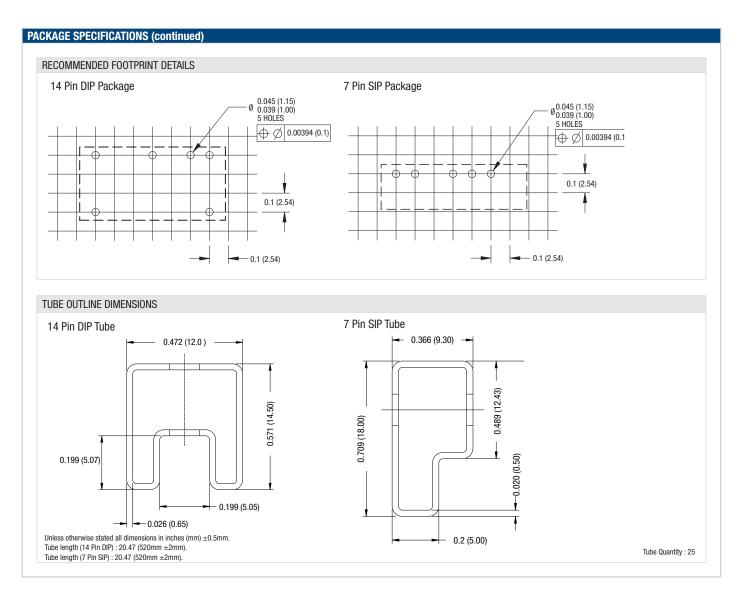
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